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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/577,666	05/01/2006	Toshihisa Nagata	R2184.0492/P492	8451
24998	7590	02/12/2009	EXAMINER	
DICKSTEIN SHAPIRO LLP 1825 EYE STREET NW Washington, DC 20006-5403				BEHM, HARRY RAYMOND
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/577,666	NAGATA ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	HARRY BEHM	2838	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 November 2008.
 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ . |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ . |

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

The following title is suggested: Semiconductor device and voltage regulator with multiple monitor transistors disposed at the periphery of the semiconductor device.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to amended claim 1 have been considered but are largely moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection to Devore (US 5,408,141).

Applicant has argued the prior art does not disclose changes in a property of the monitor transistor are caused when force is applied to the semiconductor chip are balanced. Examiner has referenced Applicant's specification for clarification of 'changes in a property of the monitor transistor are caused when force is applied to the semiconductor chip are balanced'. Applicant's specification on page 15 lines 1-4 describes that "fluctuations (changes) in a property of the monitor transistor (MOS transistor) M11, which is caused when a force is applied to the semiconductor chip, can be averaged (balanced)". Examiner notes it is not required for the prior art to explicitly state when force is applied to a chip, that changes in a property of the monitor transistor are balanced, only that the changes in the monitor transistor are balanced (averaged) when a force is applied to the semiconductor chip. See MPEP 2112 Requirements of Rejection Based on Inherency.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Devore (US 5,408,141).

With respect to Claim 1, Devore discloses a semiconductor device comprising a semiconductor chip (Fig. 3 25); a driver transistor (Fig. 3 26) mounted on said semiconductor chip; a monitor transistor (Fig. 3 38,40,42,44,46) for detecting electric current flowing in said driver transistor; and a plurality of transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) provided in the monitor transistor and connected in parallel;

wherein the plural transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) are disposed at a periphery of an area of the semiconductor chip (Fig. 3 25) on which the driver transistor (Fig. 3 26) is mounted; and

wherein the plural transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) are located relative to the semiconductor chip and the driver transistor such that changes in a property of the monitor transistor caused when force is applied to the semiconductor chip are balanced since the plural transistors are symmetrically distributed around the periphery the change in property will be balanced due to averaging.

With respect to Claim 2, Devore discloses a semiconductor device as set forth above wherein the plural transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) are disposed within an area (Fig. 3 26) of the semiconductor chip (Fig. 3 25) on which the drive transistor is mounted.

With respect to Claim 3, Devore discloses a semiconductor device as set forth above wherein the plural transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) are disposed on the semiconductor chip (Fig. 3 25) at equal intervals.

With respect to Claim 4, Devore discloses the semiconductor device as set forth above wherein the driver transistor (Fig. 3 25) and the monitor transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) are MOS transistors (“FIG. 3 illustrates an exemplary lateral MOS configuration”, column 4, lines 16-17).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5-8 and 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller (US 6,734,656) in view of Devore (US 5,408,141).

With respect to Claim 5, Miller discloses a voltage regulator (Fig. 7) provided with a constant voltage circuit part ("reference voltage supply" column 3, lines 60-64) including a driver transistor (Fig. 7 730) mounted on a semiconductor chip and an output current detection circuit part including a monitor transistor (Fig. 8 730-M) for detecting electric current flowing in the driver transistor (Fig. 8 730-(N-M), the voltage regulator comprising a plurality of transistors (Fig. 8 M) provided in the monitor transistor and connected in parallel. Miller does not disclose the layout of the monitor transistors. Devore discloses a semiconductor device comprising a semiconductor chip (Fig. 3 25); a driver transistor (Fig. 3 26) mounted on said semiconductor chip; a monitor transistor (Fig. 3 38,40,42,44,46) for detecting electric current flowing in said driver transistor; and a plurality of transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) provided in the monitor transistor and connected in parallel; wherein the plural transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) are disposed at a periphery of an area of the semiconductor chip (Fig. 3 25) on which the driver transistor (Fig. 3 26) is mounted; and wherein the plural transistors (Fig. 3 38,40,43,44) are located relative to the semiconductor chip and the driver transistor

such that changes in a property of the monitor transistor caused when force is applied to the semiconductor chip are balanced since the plural transistors are symmetrically distributed around the periphery the change in property will be balanced due to averaging. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to position the monitor transistors at the periphery of an area of the driver transistor. The reason for doing so was to eliminate “the effects of thermal gradients over the operation of the integrated device. As such, the sense device can accurately track the current output by the entire power device” (Devore column 2, lines 4-7).

With respect to Claims 6-7, Miller in view of Devore disclose the voltage regulator as set forth above. See claims 2 and 3, respectively, for additional details.

With respect to Claim 8, Miller in view of Devore disclose the voltage regulator as set forth above, wherein the output current detection circuit part (Fig. 8 770) is configured to change the electric current flowing in the monitor transistor into electric voltage and output the electric voltage (Fig. 7 Vout at 755).

With respect to Claim 10, Miller in view of Devore disclose the voltage regulator as set forth above. See claim 4 for additional details.

With respect to Claim 11, Miller in view of Devore disclose the voltage regulator as set forth above, wherein the constant voltage circuit part and the output current detection circuit part are integrated on a single integrated circuit (Devore Fig. 3 25).

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller (US 6,734,656) in view of Devore (US 5,408,141) further in view of Zadeh (US 6,522,111).

With respect to Claim 9, Miller in view of Devore disclose the voltage regulator as set forth above, wherein the constant voltage circuit part further includes a reference voltage generation circuit ("reference voltage supply", Miller column 3, lines 63-64) for generating and outputting a reference voltage and an operational amplifier circuit ("error amplifier circuitry 712", Miller column 3, lines 61-62) including a differential pair for controlling the operation of the driver transistor (Miller Fig. 7 730), wherein the output current detection is supplied to the controller (Fig. 710). Miller does not detail how the controller uses the current feedback. Zadeh teaches adaptive biasing wherein the output current detection circuit part (Fig. 2 214) is configured to supply an electric current to the differential pair of the operational amplifier circuit (Fig. 2 218), wherein the electric current supplied to the differential pair is proportional to the electric current flowing in the monitor transistor. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide the proportional electric current to the operational amplifier. The reason for doing so was to provide adaptive biasing and "thereby improving transient responses" (Zadeh column 2, lines 7-8).

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HARRY BEHM whose telephone number is (571)272-8929. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00 am - 3:00 pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Akm E. Ullah can be reached on (571) 272-2361. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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